

Temposonics[®]

Magnetostrictive Linear Position Sensors



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1. Introduction

1.1 Purpose and use of this manual

Before starting the operation of Temposonics[®] sensors read this documentation thoroughly and follow the safety information.

The content of this technical documentation and of its various annexes is intended to provide information on mounting, installation and commissioning by qualified automation personnel ¹ or instructed service technicians who are familiar with the project planning and dealing with Temposonics[®] sensors.

1.2 Used symbols and warnings

Warnings are intended for your personal safety and for avoidance of damage to the described product or connected devices. In this documentation, safety information and warnings to avoid dangers that might affect the life and health of operating or service personnel or cause material damage are highlighted by the preceding pictogram, which is defined below.

mbol	Meaning
NOTICE	This symbol is used to
	that may lead to mater

This symbol is used to point to situations that may lead to material damage, but not to personal injury.

2. Safety instructions

2.1 Intended use

Sy

This product may be used only for the applications provided under item 1 and item 2 and only in conjunction with the third-party devices and components recommended or approved by MTS Sensors. As a prerequisite of proper and safe operation, the product requires correct transport, storage, mounting and commissioning and must be operated with utmost care.

- The sensor systems of all Temposonics[®] series are intended exclusively for measurement tasks encountered in industrial, commercial and laboratory applications. The sensors are considered as system accessories and must be connected to suitable evaluation electronics, e.g. a PLC, IPC, indicator or other electronic control unit.
- The position sensors must be used only in technically safe condition. To maintain this condition and to ensure safe operation, installation, connection and service work may be performed only by qualified technical personnel.

 $\ensuremath{\mathbf{1}}\xspace$ The term qualified technical personnel characterizes persons who:

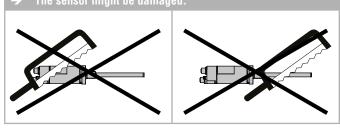
 are familiar with the safety concepts of automation technology applicable to the particular project,

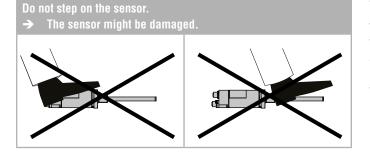
⁻ are competent in the field of EMC,

 ^{1/ -} have received adequate training for commissioning and service operations
 - are familiar with the operation of the device and know the information required for correct operation provided in the product documentation.

2.2 Forseeable misuse Forseeable misuse Consequence The sensor does not work Wrong sensor connection properly or will be destroyed Operate the sensor out off the No signal output operating temperature The sensor can be damaged Signal output is wrong/ Power supply is out of the no signal output/ defined range the sensor will be damaged Position measurement is influenced by an external Signal output is wrong magnetic field Short circuit - the sensor can be destroyed/sensor does not Cables are damaged respond Magnet spacers are missing/ Error in position measurement are installed in the wrong order Wrong connection Signal output is disturbed of ground/shield The electronics can be damaged Use of a magnet that is not Error in position measurement certified by MTS Sensors

Do not reprocess the sensor afterwards.
→ The sensor might be damaged.





2.3 Installation, commissioning and operation

The position sensors must be used only in technically safe condition. To maintain this condition and to ensure safe operation, installation, connection and service work may be performed only by qualified technical personnel.

If danger of injury to persons or of damage to operating equipment is caused by sensor failure or malfunction, additional safety measures such as plausibility checks, limit switches, EMERGENCY STOP systems, protective devices etc. are required. In the event of trouble, shut down the sensor and protect it against accidental operation.

Safety instructions for commissioning

To maintain the sensor operability, it is mandatory to follow the instructions given below.

- 1. Protect the sensor against mechanical damage during installation and operation.
- 2. Do not open or dismantle the sensor.
- 3. Connect the sensor very carefully and pay attention to the polarity of connections and power supply.
- 4. Use only approved power supplies.
- 5. It is indispensable to ensure that the specified permissible limit values of the sensor for supply voltage, environmental conditions, etc. are met.
- 6. Check the function of the sensor regularly and provide documentation of the checks.
- 7. Before system switch-on, ensure that nobody's safety is jeopardized by starting machines.

2.4 Safety instructions for use in explosion-hazardous areas

The sensor is not suitable for operation in explosion-hazarded areas.

2.5 Warranty²

MTS Sensors grants a warranty period for the Temposonics[®] position sensors and supplied accessories relating to material defects and faults that occur despite correct use in accordance with the intended application ². The MTS Sensors obligation is limited to repair or replacement of any defective part of the unit. No warranty can be taken for defects that are due to improper use or above average stress of the product, as well as for wear parts. Under no circumstances will MTS Sensors accept liability in the event of offense against the warranty rules, no matter if these have been assured or expected, even in case of fault or negligence of the company.

MTS Sensors explicitly excludes any further warranties. Neither the company's representatives, agents, dealers nor employees are authorized to in- crease or change the scope of warranty.

2.6 Return

For diagnostic purposes, the sensor can be returned to <u>MTS Sensors</u> or an authorized repair facility. Any shipment cost will be borne by the sender ². For a corresponding form, see chapter 9 (Annex).

 $\mathbf{2}\!/$ see also applicable MTS Sales and supply conditions, e.g. under www.mtssensors.com

3. Identification

3.1 Order structure of R-Series RP

Temposonics® order code

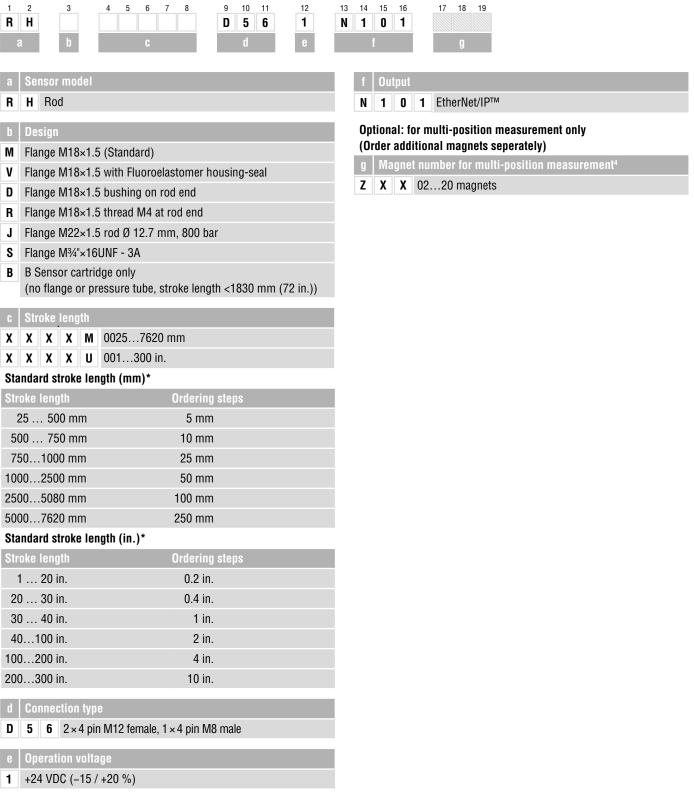
1 2 3 4 5 6 R P a b c	D 5 6	3 14 15 16 1 0 1 f	17 18 19 g
a Sensor model			
R P Profile			
b Design			
S Magnet slider, joint on top	(Part number: 252182)		
V Magnet slider, joint at from	t (Part number: 252184)		
M U-magnet, OD33 (Part nur	nber: 251416-2)		
c Stroke length			
X X X X M 002550)80 mm		
X X X X U 001200			
Standard stroke length (mm)*			
Stroke length	Ordering steps		
25 500 mm	25 mm		
5002500 mm	50 mm		
25005080 mm	100 mm		
Standard stroke length (in.)*			
Stroke length	Ordering steps		
1 20 in.	1 in.		
20100 in.	2 in.		
100200 in.	4 in.		
d Connection type			
D 5 6 2×4 pin M12 fema	le, 1 × 4 pin M8 male		
e Operation voltage			
1 +24 VDC (-15 / +20 %)			
f Output N 1 0 1 EtherNet/IP™			
N 1 0 1 EtherNet/IP™			
Optional: for multi-position m (Order additional magnets se			
g Magnet number for multi-	position measurement ³		

Z X X 02...20 magnets

 * / Non Standard stroke lengths are available; must be encoded in 5 mm / 0.1 in. increments

3.2 Order structure of R-Series RH

Temposonics® order code



*/ Non Standard stroke lengths are available; must be encoded in 5 mm / 0.1 in. increments

3.3 Order structure of R-Series RD4

Tem	pos	onic	S® OI	der c	ode																						
1 R	2 D	3 4		4		56		7	8	9	10	11	12		13 D	14 5	15 6		16 N	17 1		19 1	2	02	1 22		
	a		Ì	b		C		d			d			ì		a	U							<u> </u> 	<u> </u> 		
					1				. 7					1		9									,		
а	Se	ensor	mod	lel												C	Str	oke	lenç	jth							
R	D	4	Deta	achab	le se	nsor	electi	ronics								X	X	X	X	Μ	Flang Flang	•) mm) mm
b	De	esign													[X	X	X	X	U	Flang	-					
S	Pr	essui	re fit	flang	е												_				Flang	•		00	11	00 in	1.
М	Th	read	ed fla	ange l	V18	×1.5-	6g, A	\F23												e len	igth (r	nm)	*				
C	Th	read	ed fla	ange I	V18	×1.5-	6g, A	\F46								-	oke		-					_	erin		ps
Т	Th	read	ed fla	ange 3	/4"—	6UN	F—3A	۹.									5		• • • •						5 mn		
D	Th	read	ed fla	ange 3	/4"—	6UN	F—3/	۹.									0							-	0 mn		
														_			0								5 mn		
C	Int	tegra	l cal	ole of	sen	sor r	d										0								0 mn		
For	side	e cab	le e	ntry:													0							10	0 mn	۱	
D	1	PU	R-ca	ble, le	engtl	າ 250	mm	(9.8	in.)							_	_	_	_	e len	igth (i	n.)*					
D	2	PU	R-ca	ble, le	engtl	1 400	mm	(15.7	in.)							Stro	oke	eng	th					Ord	erin	j ste	ps
D	3	PU	R-ca	ble, le	engtl	1 600	mm	(23.6	in.)							1	20 i	n.						0	.2 in	•	
For	boti	tom c	able	entr	y:											20.	30	in.						().4 in	•	
R	2	Sin	gle v	vires	with	flat c	onne	ector, le	ength	65	mm	(2.6	6 in.)			30.	40	in.							1 in	•	
R	4	Sin	gle v	vires	with	flat c	onne	ector, le	ength	170	mm	(6.	7 in.)			40.	10	0 in.							2 in		
R	5	Sin	gle v	vires	with	flat c	onne	ector, le	ength	230	mm	(9.	1 in.)			100	2	00 i	n.						4 in		
R	6	Sin	gle v	vires	with	flat c	onne	ector, le	ength	350	mm ((13.8	8 in.)			f	Cor	nnec	tion	typ	9						
d	Se	nsor	elec	troni	CS											D	5	6	2×	4 pir	n M12	fema	ale, 1	×4	pin N	8 ma	ale
S	Sic	de ca	ble e	ntry												f	Out	put									
В	Во	ottom	cab	le ent	ry											N	1	.put O	1	Eth	erNet/						
																N	I	U	1	EUI	envel/	16					
																-					positi 1agne					only	'

Z X X 02...20 magnets

 * / Non Standard stroke lengths are available; must be encoded in 5 mm / 0.1 in. increments

3.4 Order structure of R-Series RF

123	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	14 15 16 17	18 19 2
RF	D 5 6 1	N 1 0 1	
a b	C g e	f	g
a Sensor model			
R F Flexible sens	sor rod		
b Design			
C Basic sensor			
Flange M18×1.5	-6g		
S Flange ³ / ₄ "×16UN	IF-3A		
c Stroke length (La	onger strokes are available. Contact applications engineering for details.)		
X X X X X	M 0010010060 mm		
X X X X X	U 0004.00396.0 in.		
Standard stroke leng	gth (mm)*		
Stroke length	Ordering steps		
100 1000 mm	50 mm		
100010060 mm	250 mm		
Standard stroke leng	/		
Stroke length	Ordering steps		
4 40 in.	2 in.		
40396 in.	10 in.		
f Connection type	<u>;</u>		
D 5 6 2×4 pin	M12 female, 1×4 pin M8 male		
e Operation voltag	ge		
+24 VDC (-15 /	+20 %)		
f Output			
N 1 0 1 Ethe	erNet/IP™		
Optional: for multi-r	position measurement only		
(Order additional m	agnets seperately)		
	for multi-position measurement ⁶		

Z X X 02...20 magnets

 * / Non Standard stroke lengths are available; must be encoded in 5 mm / 0.1 in. increments

3.5 Nameplate (example)

Sensor electronics Design Sensor model	Measuring range (e.g. 1250 mm) Connection type Output version Magnet number
Part No. + RD4CD1S12 MAC adress + MAC ID: 00- Serial number + S/N: 905950 Gradient + GRD: 9.1044	03-CA-00-2D-5F 59

3.6 Approvals

CE certification (only for RP & RH; RF: The conformity is fulfilled, assumed the wave guide of the sensor is embedded in an EMC-sealed and grounded housing), EPSG certified, GOST certified, UL/cUL certified (only for RP/RH)

3.7 Scope of delivery

R-Series RP (profile):

Sensor, Position magnet, 2 mounting clamps up to 1250 mm (49 in.) + 1 clamp for each 500 mm (20 in.)

R-Series RH (rod):

Sensor, O-ring

R-Series RD4 (detached electronics): RD4-S Sensor, O-ring, Back-Up ring RD4-C/M/T/D Sensor, O-ring

R-Series RF (flexible sensor rod): RF-M / RF-S:

Sensor, Threaded Flange, O-ring

4. Product description and commissioning

4.1 Functionality and system design

Product designation

- Position sensor Temposonics® R-Series

Construction series

- Temposonics® R-Series RP/RH/RD4/RF

– Stroke length:	RP	255080 mm	(1200 in.)
	RH	257620 mm	(1300 in.)
	RD4	255080 mm	(1200 in.)
	RF 1	10010060 mm	(4396 in.)*

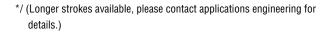
- Output signal: EtherNet/IP™

Application

The Temposonics[®] sensor is used for measurement and conversion of the length (position) variable in the field of automated system and mechanical engineering.

Principle of operation and system construction

For position measurement, the absolute, linear Temposonics[®] position sensors make use of the properties offered by the specially designed magnetostrictive waveguide. Inside the sensor a torsional strain pulse is induced in the waveguide by momentary interaction of two magnetic fields. The interaction between these two magnetic fields produces a strain pulse, which is detected by the electronics at the head of the sensor. One field is produced by a moving position magnet, which travels along the sensor rod with the waveguide inside. The other field is generated by a current pulse applied to the waveguide. The position of the moving magnet is determined precisely by measuring the time elapsed between the application of the current pulse and the arrival of the strain pulse at the sensor head. The result is a reliable position measurement with high accuracy and repeatability.



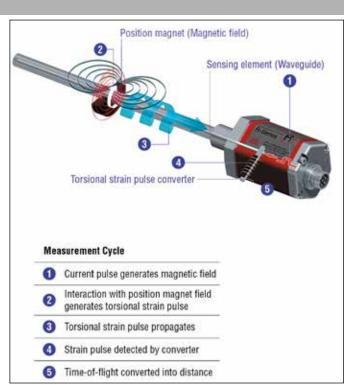


Fig. 1: Principle of operation: Time-based magnetostrictive position sensing principle

Modular mechanical and electronic construction

- The sensor housing protects the sensor element.
- The sensor electronics housing, a rugged aluminum construction, contains the complete electronic interface with active signal conditioning.
- The external position magnet is a permanent magnet. Mounted on the mobile machine part, it travels along the sensing element and triggers the measurement through the housing wall.
- $-\,$ Depending on the type, the sensor is connected to the controller via a plug.
- The sensor can be connected directly to a control system.
 Its electronics generates a strictly position-proportional signal output between zero and end position.

4.2 Styles and installation of R-Series RP

Temposonics® RP offers modular construction, flexible mounting configurations and easy installation. Position measurement is non-contact via two versions of permanent magnets.

- A sliding magnet running in profile housing rails. Connection with the moving machine part is via a ball jointed arm for taking up axial forces.
- A floating magnet, mounted directly on the moving machine part, travels over the profile at a low distance. Its air-gap allows the correction of small misalignments at installation.

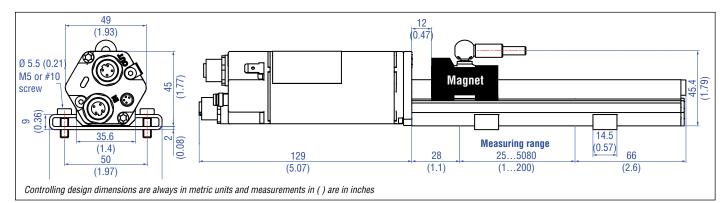


Fig. 2: RP Style dimensional drawing

4.2.1 Mounting distances

Active measuring range

The technical data of each sensor is checked as well as documented and the active stroke length (useful electrical stroke) with its start and end position is adjusted during final inspection and testing (see Fig. 2).

NOTICE

On all sensors, the areas left and right of the active stroke length are provided for mounting and damping of the measuring signal. They should not be used for measurement, but the active stroke length can be exceeded without problem.

Mechanical zero

To ensure that the entire measuring range can be used electrically, the position magnet must be mounted mechanically as follows:

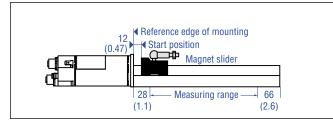


Fig. 3: Temposonics® profile with magnet slider

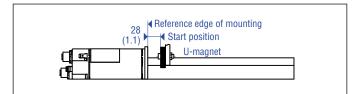


Fig. 4: Temposonics® profile with U-magnet

Multi-position measurement

The minimum distance between the magnets is 75 mm (3 in.).

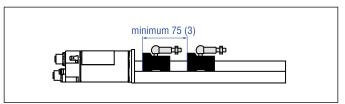


Fig. 5: Minimum distance for multi position measurement with magnet slider

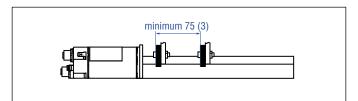


Fig. 6: Temposonics® profile with U-magnet

4.2.2 Installation of RP

The position sensor can be installed in any position. Normally, the sensor is firmly installed and the position magnet is fastened to the mobile machine part. Thus it can travel along the measuring rod contactlessly.

The sensor is fitted on a flat machine surface using the mounting clamps (fig. 7). A length-dependent number of these clamps are delivered with the sensor and must be distributed over the profile at regular distances.

For fastening, we recommend using M5×20 screws to DIN 6912 that shout be tightened with a maximum torque of 5 Nm.

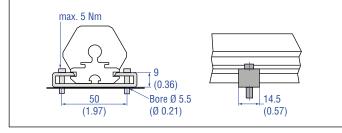


Fig. 7: Mounting clamps with cylinder screw M5×20, fastening torque < 5 Nm Alternative: If only limited space is available, the profile sensor can be mounted also via the T-rail in the profile bottom using an M5 T-slot nut or a sliding block (fig. 8).

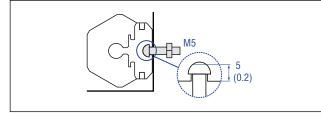


Fig. 8: T-slot nuts M5

NOTICE

Don't mount the sensors in the area of strong magnetic or electric noise fields. Take care to mount the sensor in an axially parallel position to avoid damaging the carriage, magnet and measuring rod.

The sensor is isolated from the machine ground. For this reason, earthing via the flat-pin connector on the sensor electronics housing is indispensable (fig. 9).

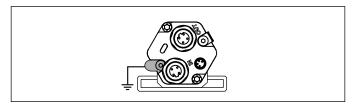


Fig. 9: Grounding profile sensor

4.2.3 Magnet mounting Mounting the U-magnet

The U-magnet is removable and can be used for profile- and rod-style sensors. Using a non-magnetizable mounting device is mandatory. The magnet must not rub against the measuring rod. Alignment errors are compensated via the air gap.

- Max. surface pressure: 40 N/mm²
- Max. tightening torque for M4 screws: 1 Nm; use washer, if necessary

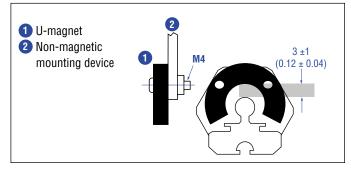


Fig. 10: Mounting device for U-magnet

NOTICE

A maximum permissible air gap of 3 \pm 1mm (0.12 in.) must not be exceeded.

4.3 Styles and installation of R-Series RH

Temposonics[®] **RH** with a pressure resistant stainless steel flange and sensing rod. They are suitable in all fluid power cylinders and externally in all applications where space is a problem. Position measurement is via ring or U-magnets travelling along the sensing rod without any mechanical contact.

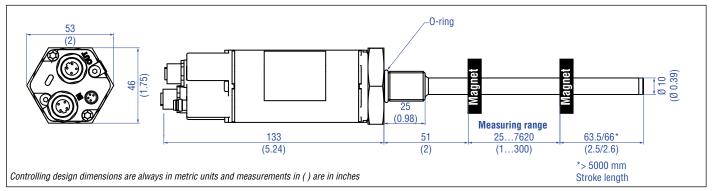


Fig. 11: RH Style dimensional drawing

4.3.1 Mounting distances

Active measuring range

The technical data of each sensor is checked as well as documented and the active stroke length (useful electrical stroke) with its start and end position is adjusted during final inspection and testing (see Fig. 11).

NOTICE

On all sensors, the areas left and right of the active stroke length are provided for mounting and damping of the measuring signal. They should not be used for measurement, but the active stroke length can be exceeded without problem.

Mechanical zero

To ensure that the entire measuring range can be used electrically, the position magnet must be mounted mechanically as follows:

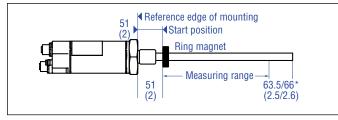


Fig. 12: Temposonics® rod with ring magnet

Multi-position measurement

The minimum distance between the magnets is 75 mm (3 in.).

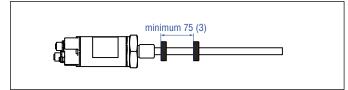


Fig. 13: Minimum distance for multi position measurement

4.3.2 Installation of RH

Installation of a rod-style sensor

The rod-style version has been developed for direct stroke measurement in a fluid cylinder.

- Mounted on the bottom of the piston, the ring magnet travels over the rod contactlessly and marks the position exactly through the rod wall.
- Inside the pressure-resistant sensor housing immerging into the open piston rod, the basic sensor is mounted by means of only two screws. It is the only part that needs replacing if servicing is required, i.e. the hydraulic circuit remains closed.

NOTICE

After re-installing, securing the basic sensor screws, e.g. using Loctite 243, is mandatory.

Rod with inner sensor element immersed in the cylinder

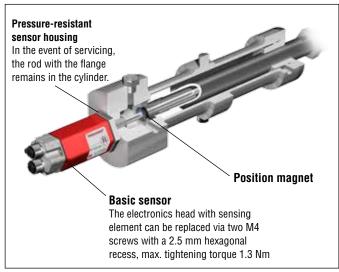


Fig. 14: Sensor in fluid cylinder

Hydraulics sealing

There are two ways for sealing the flange contact surface:

- 1. A sealing by using an O-ring (e.g. 22.4×2.65 mm) in a cylinder bottom groove (fig. 16).
- A sealing via an 15.3×2.2 mm O-ring (for metric thread flange) or 0.644" x 0.087" O-ring (for SAE thread flange) in the undercut (fig. 15). In this case, a screw hole based on ISO 6149-1 (fig. 17) must be provided.
- The flange contact surface must be seated completely on the cylinder mounting surface.
- The cylinder manufacturer determines the pressure-resistant gasket (copper gasket, O-ring, etc.).
- The position magnet should not rub against the rod.
- The plunger borehole (Ø 10 mm rod: > Ø 13 mm (Ø 0.52 in.) Ø 12.7 mm rod: > 16 mm (0.63 in.)) depends on the pressure and piston speed.
- The peak pressure should not be exceeded.
- Protect the measuring rod against wear.

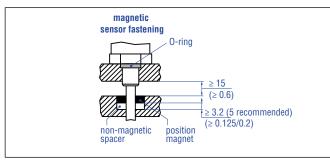


Fig. 15: Installation with non-magnetic material

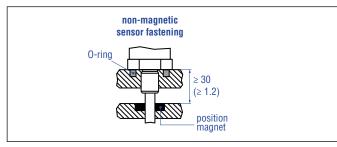


Fig. 16: Installation with magnetic material

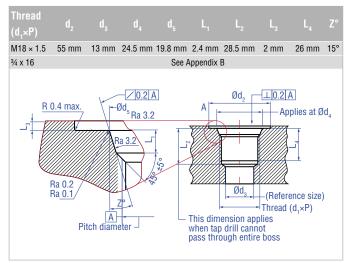


Fig. 17: Notice for threaded flange M18×1.5 based on DIN ISO 6149-1

Controlling design dimensions are always in metric units and measurements in () are in inches

NOTICE

For mounting by means of screws, use only a hexagonal flange width across flats 46 mm (1.8 in.) below the sensor electronics housing (electronics) and avoid exceeding the maximum fastening torque of 50 Nm (for RH-J: 125 Nm).

4.3.3 Magnet mounting Mounting the ring magnet

Install the magnet using non-magnetizable material for mounting device, screws, spacers etc.

- Max. permissible surface pressure: 40 N/mm²
- Max. fastening torque for M4 screws: 1 Nm; use washers, if necessary

Mounting the U-magnet

Using a non-magnetizable mounting device is mandatory. The magnet must not rub against the measuring rod. Alignment errors are compensated via the air gap.

- Max. surface pressure: 40 N/mm²
- Max. fastening torque for M4 screws: 1 Nm; use washer, if necessary

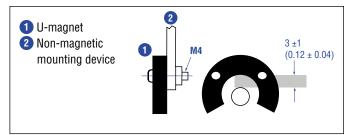


Fig. 18: Mounting device for U-magnet

NOTICE

A maximum permissible air gap of 3 $\pm 1 \text{mm}$ (0.12 in.) must not be exceeded.

Large stroke lengths from 1 meter (39 in.)

Horizontally installed sensors should be supported mechanically at the rod end. Longer rods require evenly distributed mechanical support over the entire length. In this case an U-magnet (see fig. 19) is used for measurement.

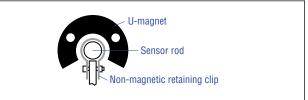


Fig. 19: Example of sensor support

4.4 Styles and installation of R-Series RD4

Temposonics® RD4 is a high-performance position sensor with a detached electronics, which allows a flexible installation. The sensor is completely modular in mechanic and electronic design. The sensor rod with the built-in waveguide is connected via a short cable with the electronics. Temposonics® RD4 is an ideal sensor where space is a problem while still allowing for easy maintenance. The sensor can either be used for integration into a fluid power cylinder or in external industrial applications.

Electronics with side cable entry for the measuring rod

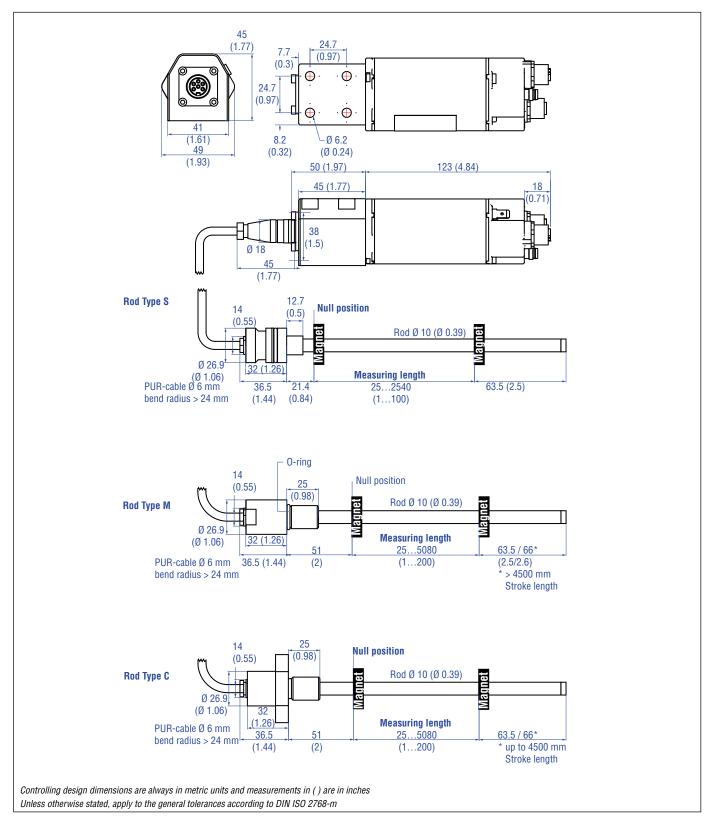


Fig. 20: RD4 style dimensional drawing with side mount electronics

Temposonics[®] R-Series EtherNet/IP[™] Operation Manual

Electronics with bottom cable entry for the mesuring rod

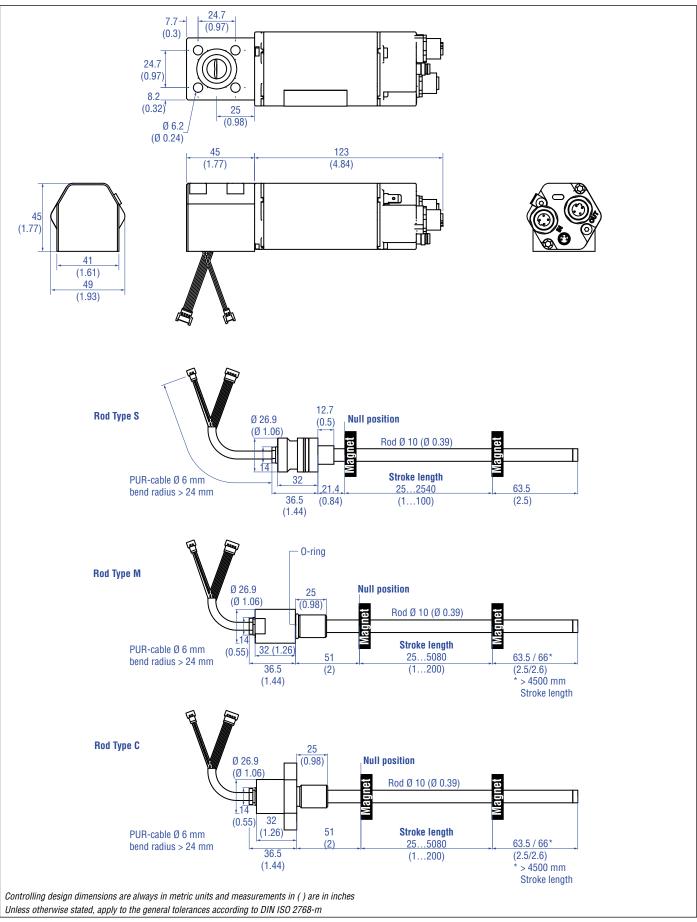


Fig. 21: RD4 style dimensional drawing with bottom entry electronics

4.4.1 Mounting distances

Active measuring range

The technical data of each sensor is checked as well as documented and the active stroke length (useful electrical stroke) with its start and end position is adjusted during final inspection and testing (see Fig. 22).

NOTICE

On all sensors, the areas left and right of the active stroke length are provided for mounting and damping of the measuring signal. They should not be used for measurement, but the active stroke length can be exceeded without problem.

Mechanical zero

To ensure that the entire measuring range can be used electrically, the position magnet must be mounted mechanically as follows:

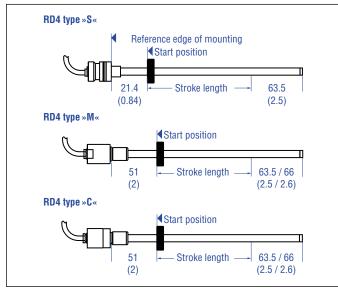


Fig. 22: Mechanical zero

Mounting ring manget

Mount the magnetic with the non-magnetic material for mounting, screws, spacers, etc..

- Max. permissible surface pressure: 40 N/mm²
- Max. fastening torque for M4 screws: 1 Nm; use washers, if necessary

Multi-position measurement

The minimum distance between the magnets is 75 mm (3 in.)

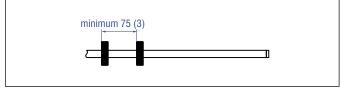


Fig. 23: Minimum distance for multi position measurement

4.4.2 Installation of RD4 with pressure fit flange »S«

Cylinder mounting

For installation in fluid power cylinders, the standard sensor system consists of the rod and the mounting flange, and the B type electronics. Install the rod using the fit and seal it off by means of the O-ring and the supporting ring. Block the rod using a shoulder screw. The adaptor plate of the separate electronics housing facilitates mounting on the outside of small cylinders. Advantage of this version: Connection to the measuring rod is via the bottom of the housing. Thus the sensor system is fully encapsulated and protected against external disturbances.

Note for cylinder installation:

- The position magnet should not grind on the measuring rod.
- The bore in the piston rod is dependent on the hydraulic pressure and the piston's velocity. The minimum drilling should be 13 mm (0.52 in.).
- Do not exceed the peak pressure.
- Protect the measuring rod against wear.

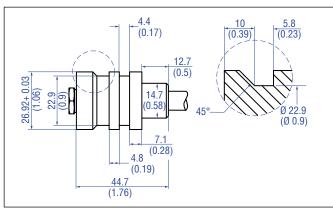


Fig. 24: Pressure fit flange details

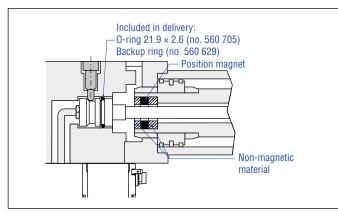
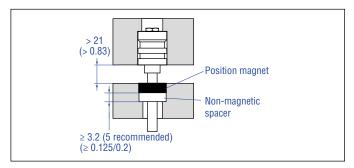


Fig. 25: Mounting example Pressure fit flange $\ast S \ll$ and sensor electronics with bottom cable entry

Bore in cylinder Ø 13...17 mm (Ø 0.51...0.67 in.) to push single wires with flat connector through.





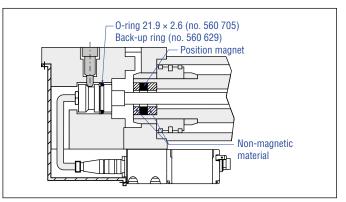


Fig. 27: Mounting example Pressure fit flange »S« and sensor electronics with side cable

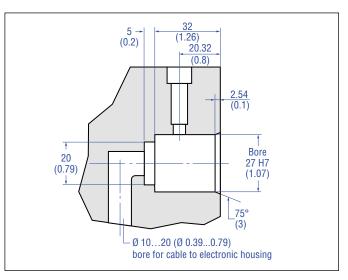


Fig. 28: Mounting detail: Setscrew 8 M6 - ISO 7379 with internal hexagon

NOTICE

To fulfill the EMC standards for emission and immunity the following points are necessary:

- The sensor electronics housing has to be connected to machine ground.
- The cable between the sensor and the electronics must be integrated into a metallic housing.

4.4.3 Installation of RD4 with threaded flange ${}^{\rm >}{\rm M}{}^{\rm <}{\rm \&}{\rm >}{\rm T}{}^{\rm <}{\rm i}$

Rod

The sensor's pipe will be fixed via the threaded flange M18×1.5 or 3/4"-16 UNF.

Mounting should be with non-magnetic material. If using magnetic material necessarily follow the displayed installation dimensions.

Cylinder mounting

- The position magnet should not grind over the measuring rod.
- The bore in the piston rod is dependent on the hydraulic pressure and the piston's velocity. The minimum drilling should be 12 mm (0.5 in.).
- Do not exceed the peak pressure.
- Protect the measuring rod against wear
- Pressure sealing is defined by cylinder manufacturer

Mounting example threaded flange »M«

Sealing results from the provided O-ring mounted in the undercut.

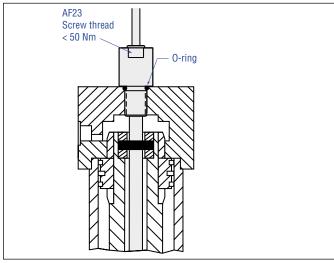


Fig. 29: Mounting example for threaded flange

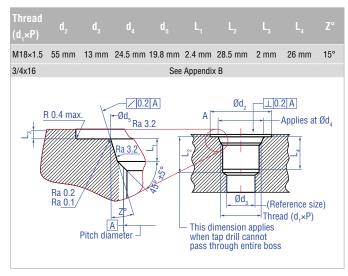


Fig. 30: Alternative screwing bore: Threaded flange M18×1.5 based on DIN ISO 6149-1

Controlling design dimensions are always in metric units and measurements in () are in inches

4.4.4 Installation of RD4 with threaded flange »C« & »D«

The sensor's pipe will be fixed via the threaded flange M18×1.5 or 3/4"-16 UNF.

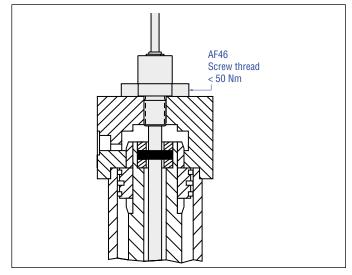


Fig. 31: Mounting example for threaded flange »C«

Position magnet

For accurate position measurement mount the magnet with non-magnetic fastening material (screws, supports etc.).

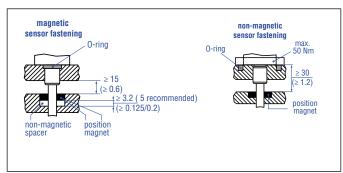


Fig. 32: Installation with non-magnetic & magnetic material

Alternative screwing bore

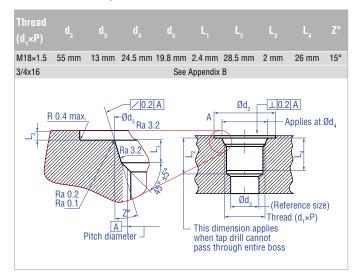


Fig. 33: Alternative screwing bore: Threaded flange M18×1.5 based on DIN ISO 6149-1

4.4.4 Magnet installation

Mounting the ring magnet

Install the magnet using non-magnetizable material for mounting device, screws, spacers etc.

- Max. permissible surface pressure: 40 N/mm²
- Max. fastening torque for M4 screws: 1 Nm; use washers, if necessary

Mounting the U-magnet

Using a non-magnetizable mounting device is mandatory. The magnet must not rub against the measuring rod. Alignment errors are compensated via the air gap.

- Max. surface pressure: 40 N/mm²
- Max. fastening torque for M4 screws: 1 Nm;
- use washer, if necessary

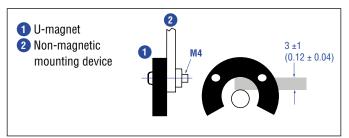


Fig. 34: Mounting device for U-magnet

NOTICE

A maximum permissible air gap of $3 \pm 1 \text{ mm}$ (0.12 in.) must not be exceeded.

Large stroke lengths from 1 meter (39 in.)

Horizontally installed sensors should be supported mechanically at the rod end. Longer rods require evenly distributed mechanical support over the entire length. In this case an U-magnet (see fig. 35) is used for

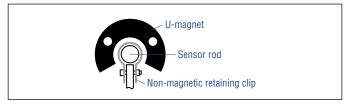


Fig. 35: Example of sensor support

NOTICE

Use the electronics and sensor rod with the same serial number together! For further information contact the application engineering team.

4.5 Styles and installation of R-Series RF

Temposonics® RF is a high-performance sensor with a bendable sensor rod. Thanks to its flexible design, the sensor is available for measuring lengths up to 10 m. Temposonics® RF can perform up to 20 independent displacement measurements and velocity measurements simultaneously. This makes the sensor ideal for use in paper cutting machines or on very long machine axes. Temposonics® RF is also available as profile-style version (accessories).

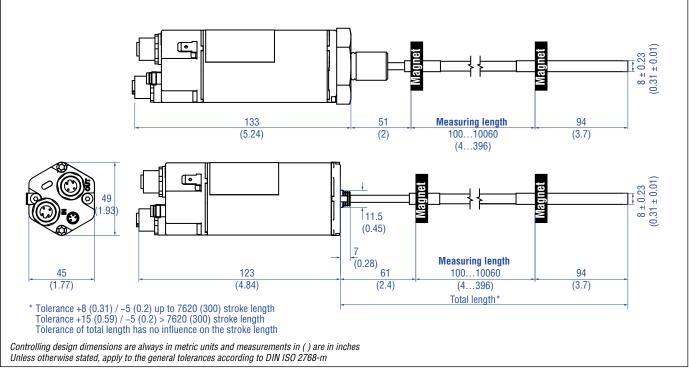


Fig. 36: RF style dimensional drawing

4.5.1 Mounting distances

Active measuring range

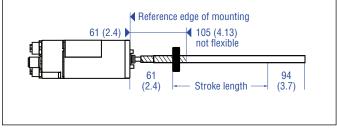
The technical data of each sensor is checked as well as documented and the active stroke length (useful electrical stroke) with its start and end position is adjusted during final inspection and testing (see Fig. 36).

NOTICE

On all sensors, the areas left and right of the active stroke length are provided for mounting and damping of the measuring signal. They should not be used for measurement, but the active stroke length can be exceeded without problem.

Mechanical zero

To ensure that the entire measuring range can be used electrically, the position magnet must be mounted mechanically as follows:



Multi-position measurement

The minimum distance between the magnets is 75 mm (3 in.).

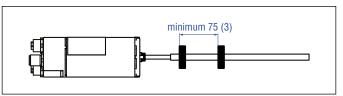


Fig. 38: Minimum distances for multi position measurement

Fig. 37 Mechanical zero

Controlling design dimensions are always in metric units and measurements in () are in inches

4.5.2 Installation of RF

Mounting of sensor electronics housing requires the use of 2 non-magnetizable screws M4×59.

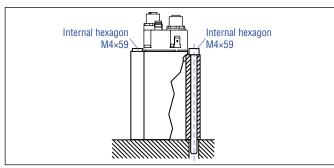


Fig. 39: Mounting screw M4×59

Long sensors require a support tube (inner diameter of 9.4 mm (0.37 in.)) of non-magnetizable material, straight or bent to the desired

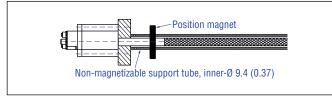


Fig. 40: Linear measurement

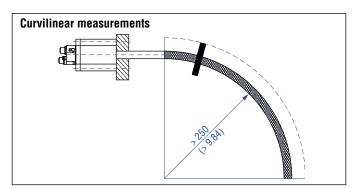


Fig. 41: Minimum bending radius

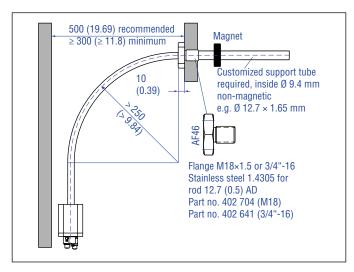


Fig. 42: Mounting example for distances

NOTICE

A flexible sensor requires supports or anchoring to maintain proper alignment between sensor rod and the magnet, otherwise the sensor output signal can be interfered or lost.

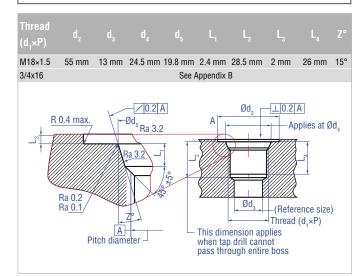


Fig. 43: Threaded flange M18×1.5 based on DIN ISO 6149-1

For easy installation the sensor is supplied with a hex 46 flange (accessory) bored for above mounting screws.

Information about the mounting of the optinal accessories see:

- optional profile product brief 551 442
- optional rod with flange product brief 551 770

4.5.3 Magnet installation

Mounting the ring magnet

Install the magnet using non-magnetic material for mounting device, screws, spacers etc.

- Max. permissible surface pressure: 40 N/mm²
- $-\,$ Max. fastening torque for M4 screws: 1 Nm;
- use washers, if necessary

Mounting the U-magnet

The U-magnet can be used for rod-style sensors (HD pressure pipe) or profile style sensors (HFP profile). Using a non-magnetizable mounting device is mandatory. The magnet must not rub against the measuring rod. Alignment errors are compensated via the air gap.

- Max. surface pressure: 40 N/mm²
- Max. fastening torque for M4 screws: 1 Nm; use washer, if necessary

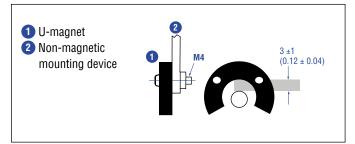


Fig. 44: Mounting device for U-magnet

NOTICE

A maximum permissible air gap of 3 ± 1 mm (0.12 in.) must not be exceeded.

Large lengths from 1 meter for optional HD tube:

Horizontally installed sensors should be supported mechanically at the rod end. Longer rods require evenly distributed mechanical support over the entire length. In this case an U-magnet (see fig. 45) is used for measurement.

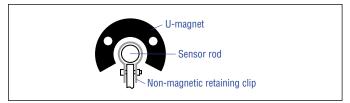


Fig. 45: Example of sensor support

4.6 Electrical connections

The placement of the sensor and cabling have a decisive influence on the sensor's EMC resistance. Hence correct installation of this active electronic system and

the EMC of the entire system must be protected by using suitable metal connectors, shielded cables and grounding.

Overvoltages or faulty connections can damage its electronics despite protection against wrong polarity

NOTICE

Do not make connections under voltage!

Instruction for connection

- Low-resistance, twisted pair, shielded cables should be used and the shield should be connected to earth externally in the evaluation electronics
- Control and sign leads should be kept separate from power cables and sufficiently far away from motor cables, frequency inverters, valve lines, relays, etc.
- Use only connectors with metal housing and connect the shield to connector housing.
- The connection surface at both shield ends should be as large as possible.
- Keep all non-shielded leads as short as possible
- The earth connection should be as short as possible with a large cross section. Avoid ground loops.
- With potential differences between machine and electronics earth connections, no compensating currents are allowed to flow across the cable shield.

Notice:

- install potential compensating lead with large cross section, or use cables with separate double shielding, and connect only one end of shield.
- Use only stabilized power supplies in compliance with the specified connecting values.

NOTICE

The profile sensor must be grounded on the flat plug on the electronics housing.

Connection types

The sensor must be connected directly with the control system according to wiring diagram:

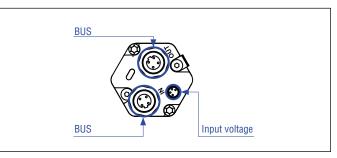
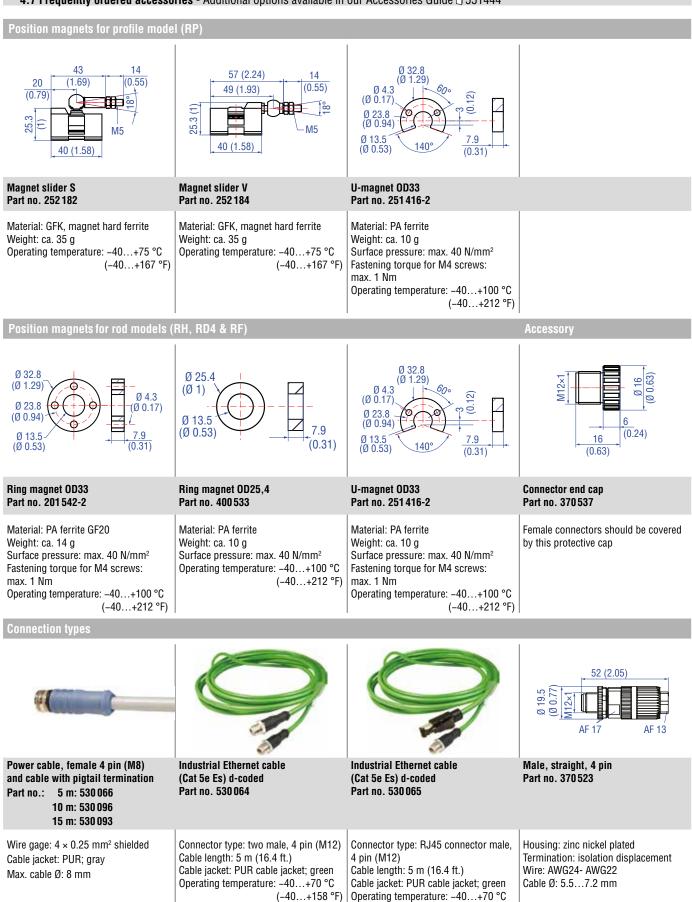


Fig. 46: Location of connections

D56 (BUS In/Out)		
M12 D-coded	Pin	Function
	1	Tx (+)
	2	Rx (+)
	3	Tx (-)
	4	Rx (-)
Input voltage		
M8 connector	Pin	Function
	1	+24 VDC (-15 / +20 %)
(0 0)	2	Used for DHCP reset only ⁷
(0 0)	3	DC Ground (0 V)
	4	Used for DHCP reset only ⁷

Fig. 47: Caption

7 Pins 2 and 4 on the M8 Input Voltage connector are only used to reset the sensor to DHCP mode. They should be independent of each other and floating (not grounded) under normal operation.



4.7 Frequently ordered accessories - Additional options available in our Accessories Guide [] 551444

Controlling design dimensions are always in metric units and measurements in () are in inches

(-40...+158 °F)

5. Operation

5.1 Getting started

The sensor is factory-set to its order sizes and adjusted, i.e. the required output signal corresponds exactly to the selected measuring length.

Example: Output Ethernet/IP = 0...100 % stroke length

Diagnostic display

(Red/green) LEDs in the sensor electronics lid provide information on the current sensor condition.

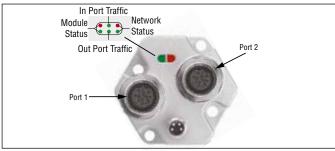


Fig. 48: Location of the status LED

LED Status

Green		Red		
Network	Status			
•	ON	0	OFF	Connection established
	Flashing	0	OFF	No connection
0	OFF	•	ON	Unrecoverable error
0	OFF		Flashing	Recoverable error
Port 1 (I	N)			
•	ON	0	OFF	LINK activity on port 1
٢	Flickers	0	OFF	Data transfer on port 1
0	OFF	•	ON	No magnet / Wrong quantity of magnets
Port 2 (0)UT)			
•	ON	0	OFF	LINK activity on port 2
٢	Flickers	0	OFF	Data transfer on port 2
Module	Status			
٠	ON	0	OFF	IP address configured
	Flashing	0	OFF	IP address not configured
0	OFF		Flashing	Duplicate of IP address recognized

Fig. 49: Location of the status LED

NOTICE

- 1. Before initial switch-on, check carefully if the sensor has been connected correctly.
- 2. Ensure that the sensor control system cannot be displaced in an uncontrolled way when switching on.
- 3. If the sensor is operational and in operating mode after switching on, the diagnostics LED is lit permanently (green).
- 4. Check the preset span start and end values of the measuring range (see chapter 4) and correct them via the customer's control system, if necessary.

6. IP Address Configuration

An example of configuring a MTS EtherNet/IP sensor will be shown using an Allen-Bradley CompactLogix L35E controller, and the RSLogix 5000 software from Rockwell. This example is written with the understanding that the customer already has an EtherNet/IP capable controller, and a working EtherNet/IP network. The procedure to incorporate a MTS EtherNet/IP sensor into a network is shown in the following 3 steps. Step 1 describes setting the IP address of the sensor and step 2 installing the MTS EtherNet/IP EDS file (download at www.mtssensors.com). To utilize the EDS file with the add-on profile feature, the RSLogix 5000 software must be version 20 or later. By using the EDS add-on profile, the sensor parameters and configuration data are loaded automatically to complete steps 3.1 and 3.2. If not installing the sensor EDS file, or if using an earlier version of the RSLogix 5000 software, chapters 7.3 through 7.5 describe how to manually load the sensor parameter data. Also, if needed later, the descriptions in step 3.2 can help when reviewing the sensor parameter data and for making any changes.

NOTICE

Physically connect the sensor to your network, but do not apply power to the sensor. You will be instructed when it is time to power the sensor.

6.1 Setting the IP address of the sensor

Each sensor comes from the factory with BOOTP and DHCP modes active, and a unique MAC ID (see sensor label). This allows you to communicate with the sensor in order to configure the sensor for your network. Before you can use a sensor on your network you must first assign it an permanent, unused IP Address on your network. In the following example we will use Rockwell's BOOTP/DHCP Server program to assign an IP Address to the sensor.

6.1.1 Open the BOOTP/DHCP Server software.

- ► The 'BOOTP/DHCP Server' window opens.
- **6.1.2** To add your sensor to the 'Relation List', click the **New** button in the 'Relation List' pane.
 - ► The 'New Entry' window opens.

Gene History Clean History CAdefie H				
(homicsed) Type E	Themel Address (MAC)	IP Addect	Hostnahe	
Nation List				
CARACTER IN CONTRACTOR				
a second and a second as a	ROTE E-LON PHON	Dealle SOUTH CHC	1	
New Deter	Type IP Address	Hothere	Description	1
New Control Control Control (-	1
New Deter			-	1

Fig. 48: Create new relation list entry

NOTICE

- 1. Choose an IP address that is not being used on your network or subnetwork.
- 2. After the IP address is assigned to the sensor, record the IP address and have it available as you will need it to communicate with the sensor.
- 6.1.3 In the 'New Entry' window, enter the MAC ID (see sensor label). Enter a unique IP address you will use for the sensor, record the IP address and click OK.

hernet Address (MAC):	00:03:CA:00:27:11
IP Address: Hostname:	192 . 168 . 10 . 1
Description:	1

Fig. 50: Enter MAC ID and unique IP adress

6.1.4 Verify that your unique **IP address** and **MAC ID** appear in the 'Relation List' window. If the relation list window does not contain both **MAC ID** and **IP address**, repeat steps 6.1.2 to 6.1.4.

Request History Data Malase Antifact	andra Car I			
	Ethernet Address (MAC)	IP Address	Hostname	
Relation List				
the second se	corr] to an that] to	uili iconveice]	
Relation List New Dente Tradect Ethernet Addests (MAC) 00:03-CA:00:27:11	Type PAddess 192168.10.1	THomase] Description	
New Come (Code)	Type IP Address	Hostname	4	1

Fig. 51: Populated relation list

- **6.1.5** Apply power to the sensor. The sensor should take around 10 to 15 seconds to begin to broadcast its MAC ID.
- 6.1.6 Verify that your IP address and MAC ID appear in the 'Request History' box.

Sear History		Financial			
09:27	Type DHCP DHCP	Dhenet Addess (MAC) 60 03:CA 00 27:11 60:03:CA 00 27:11	192 168 10.1	Hothane	
tion List	(milli	ADD TP TONE SHOP TO	The sector second	1	

Fig. 52: Request History shows MAC ID and IP adress

NOTICE

Step 1.7 will make your sensors unique IP address permanent. It will disable BOOTP and DHCP, and the IP address will be stored in the EEPROM of the sensor.

Temposonics[®] R-Series EtherNet/IP[™]

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- **6.1.7** Click to select your sensor in the 'Relation List' box and click the disable BOOTP/DHCP button.
- 6.1.8 The 'Status' message at the bottom of the window will read "Command Successful" if the disable command was successful. The sensor is now assigned a permanent IP address. If needed, repeat step 6.1.7 until the disable command

oquest History Clear History	Fearing Law			
13:38:41 DHCP	Etherret Address (MAC) 60:03 CA:00:27:11 60:03 CA:00:27:11	IP Address 192.168.10.1	Hotnane	
	BOCTP Enable DHCP	Disable BOOTP/DHCP	1	
New Delete Enable	Type IP Address	Disable BOOTP/DHCP] Description	
elation List New Delete Enable Ethernet Address (MAC) 002220022711	and the second		4 	
New Delete Enable	Type IP Address	Hostname	4 	

Fig. 53: Sensor shows the permanent IP adress

6.1.9 Exit the BOOT/DHCP Server software. If installing the MTS EtherNet/IP EDS file (download at www.mtssensors.com) continue with chapter 7.1. To utilize the EDS file, the RSLogix 5000 software must be version 20 or later.

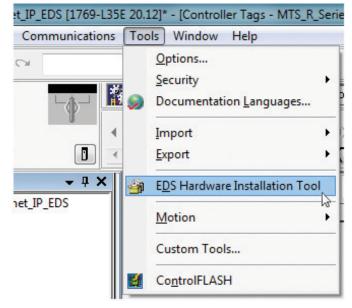
If not installing the sensor EDS file, or if using an earlier version of the RSLogix 5000 software, the sensor parameter data must be manually loaded. In that case, continue with Steps 2 and 3.

7. Integration in RSLogix5000

7.1 Install the MTS EtherNet/IP EDS file

(only required for the first installation)

- 7.1.1 Open the RSLogix 5000 software interface
- 7.1.2 Click the Tools menu and select "EDS Hardware Installation Tool"



7.1.3 The 'EDS Wizard' window opens, click Next, in the 'Options' window select Register an EDS file(s) and click "Next".

Rockwell Automation's EDS Wiz	zard
R	Welcome to Rockwell Automation's EDS Wizard
	The EDS Wizard allows you to: - register EDS-based devices. - unregister a device. - change the graphic images associated with a device. - create an EDS file from an unknown device. - upload EDS file(s) stored in a device.
	To continue click Next
	Next > Cancel

Fig. 55: EDS wizard launch screen

Rockwell Automation's E	DS Wizard
Options What task do you	want to complete?
Register a	n EDS file(s). n will add a device(s) to our database.
C Unregister This option our databa	n will remove a device that has been registered by an EDS file from
C Create an This option device.	EDS file. I creates a new EDS file that allows our software to recognize your
	DS file(s) from the device. n uploads and registers the EDS file(s) stored in the device.
	< Back Next > Cancel

Fig. 56: Register an EDS file

7.1.4 The 'Registration' window opens, click **Browse** and select the **EDS file** provided either with the sensor or downloaded from the MTS website. Click "**Next**".

Registration					
Electronic Data Sheet file(s) will be Automation applications.	added to	your system for	use in Roc	kwell	¥
 Register a single file 					
Register a directory of EDS files		🗖 Look in su	ofolders		
Named:					
E:\EthemetIP\MTS R-Series Ethemet-	IP Linear I	Encoder v1_4.e	ds	Browse	
					3
* If there is an icon file (ico) wi	th the san	ne name as the	file(s) you a	are registering	
• If there is an icon file (ico) wi then this image will be associal			file(s) you a	are registering	
	ted with th				ck Nex

Fig. 57: Enter the path to the EDS file

Fig. 54: Select the "EDS Hardware Installation Tool"

7.1.5 If the installation completed successfully, the 'EDS File installation test results' window displays. Click "Next".

Rockwell Automation's EDS Wizard	X
EDS File Installation Test Results This test evaluates each EDS file for errors guarantee EDS file validity.	in the EDS file. This test does not
☐ Installation Test Results ☐ e:\ethemetip\nts rseries ethemet-ip ↓	linear encoder v1_4.eds
View file	< Back Next > Cancel

Fig. 58: Confirmation of path to the EDS file

7.1.6 The 'Final Task Summary' window opens, click "Next".

Rockwell Automation's EDS Wizard	
Final Task Summary This is a review of the task you want to complete.	
You would like to register the following device. MTS Linear Encoder	
< Back Next > Cancel	_

Fig. 59: Confirmation of EDS file origin

7.1.7 Click "Finish".

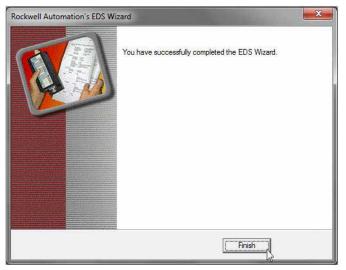
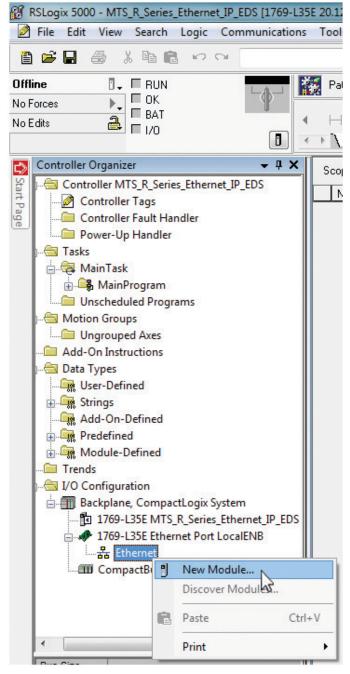


Fig. 60: EDS Installation Complete

7.2 Add sensor to I/O configuration using EDS file

7.2.1 After completing the EDS wizard, return to the main window of RSLogix 5000. In the controller organizer sidebar, expand the I/O Configuration tree and right-click your network. Select "New Module".



7.2.2 In the Select Module Type window, choose "R-Series EtherNet/ IP" and click "Create".

<i>thu</i>	t densit fest for Alabie	tipe	Cist	Fillers		Hide Filtera R
- SSSS 2	Communication Controller Digital DP110-EtherNet/N	ype Category Filters		P HTS	Nodue Type Vendor Filten In Toleco Systems Corporation In Hannih Corporation At Technology	
	Catalog Number R-Series Direction.17	Description MTS Linear Encode	Vente MTS Sys		Category an Double	

Fig. 62: Create new module

7.2.3 In the New Module window, enter a name in the 'Name' field, select the Ip Address radio button and enter the Fixed IP Address that is assigned to the sensor. Click "OK" and close the new module window.

Verder	R Series Ethnikel/IP HTS L MTS System Corporation LocalCND	inner Erscoden				
Name Description	f_Sees_Eternt_P	\$	Î	Ethennet Address C Plotate Stationals: # IP Address: C Host Name.	192.168.1	10 I
Module Delivit Revision Electronic Fay Connections	1.4 imp Compatible Hodule	Owner				

Fig. 63: Confirm the new module settings

Fig. 61: Add a new module to the RSLogix 5000 IO tree

7.2.4 Verify that the new sensor is listed in the I/O Configuration tree.

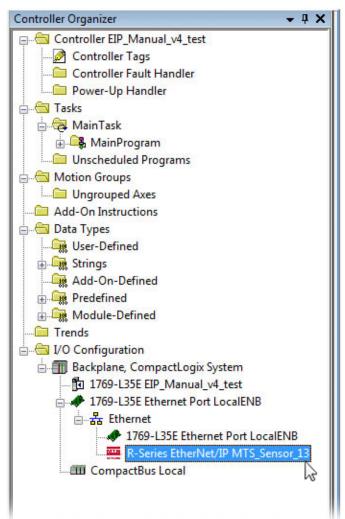


Fig. 64: New module on the network

The MTS EtherNet/IP[™] sensor is now added to the network and connected, ready to use.

NOTICE

If the sensor is disconnected, a yellow warning sign (shown below) will appear over the module icon.

☐ Settlernet ☐ 1769-L35E Ethernet Port LocalENB

R-Series EtherNet/IP MTS_Sensor_13

7.3 Add sensor to I/O configuration w/o using EDS file

Before you begin, you will need the sensors permanent IP address you recorded in from section 6.1.3.

- 7.3.1 Open the RSLogix 500 software interface.
- 7.3.2 Open the controllers' directory tree. Click I/O configuration, then right click your network. Select "New Module". The "Select Module" window opens.
- 7.3.3 In the "Select Module" window, select "Generic Ethernet Module" and press "OK". The "New Module" window opens.



Fig. 65: Add a new module to the RSLogix 5000 IO tree

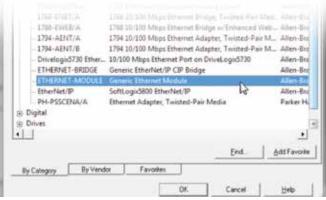


Fig. 66: Add a new Generic module

7.3.4 In the 'New Module' window (shown below) perform steps
 7.3.4.1 - 7.3.4.4 to configure the new generic ethernet module to the R-Series EtherNet/IP sensor.

NOTICE

Enter the "Connection Parameters" and "Comm Format" exactly in the following order in steps 7.3.4.1 - 7.3.4.4, otherwise your sensor may not function properly.

- 7.3.4.1 In the "Name" field enter the "Sensor Name" as described in the "I/O Configuration tree" (it might be beneficial to include reference to the device ID).
- 7.3.4.2 In the "Comm Format" field, to "Set the Comm Format" to select Input Data - DINT - Run/Program from the drop down menu
- 7.3.4.3 In the "Address / Host Name" field, select the IP address option and enter the fixed IP address you assigned to the / sensor in "Step 1".
- 7.3.4.4 To set the 'Connection Parameters' Enter the following

Name	Instance field	Size field
Input assembly	101	50
Output assembly	100	
Configuration assembly	10	20

Select the open module properties check box and click "OK". The "Module Properties" window opens.

Type: ETHERNET MODULE Generic Etherne Vendor: Allen Bradey Parent: LocalENB	
Negre: MTS_Sensor Description	Connection Parameters Assembly Instance Size Instance Size Ipput 101 Oglput 100
Address / Hou Name	- Configuration (10 20 44 (Bible) Date: Expert The Configuration (Bible) Tights Over #
🖗 Open Moduje Properties	OK Carcel Help

7.4 Set Module RPI

7.4.1 Click the "Connection" tab. Set the "Requested Packet Interval" value and press "OK". (The default value is 10 milliseconds, but the sensor is capable of a RPI as low as 2 milliseconds).

Module Properties: LocalENB (ETH)	RNET-MODULI	E1.I)		
General Connection" Module Info				
Bequested Packet Interval (RPI)	20 <u>+</u> m	(1.0 - 3200.0 mi)		
T Inhibit Module	13			
Major Fault On Controller II Connect	ton Fails While in	Run Mode		
Module Fault				
12				
Status: Office	OK	Cancel	Apply	Heb
Statut Unite		00100	-1494	met .

Fig. 68: New module properties

NOTICE
Sensor RPI limitations are:
 2 ms up to 4800 mm stroke
• 4 ms up to 7620 mm stroke
7.5 Verify Generic EtherNet Module

7.5.1 Verify that the new sensor is listed on the I/O Configuration tree.

<u>Eile Edit V</u>	iew <u>S</u> earch <u>L</u> ogic <u>C</u> ommunicat	tions <u>T</u> ools <u>W</u> ind
Offline No Forces No Edits	0. E RUN E OK E BAT E 1/0	Path:
	tion Groups I-On Instructions a Types	ocalENB

Fig. 69: New generic module has been added to the network

7.6 Controller tags configuration data

7.6.1 In the '**I/O configuration tree**', click to open the '**Controller Tags**' directory. The controller tag table displays in the left pane (shown below). The description column fields will be blank by default.

🕅 RSLogie 5000 - (Controller Tags)						personal	6 .
👌 Eile Edit View Search Logic Communications Tools	Window Help						12 (#1)
	·	Stal Seeral	ingen ge	- 9			
Mine 8, IT PUN	40_ETHP-11/12.168.10.2%Backplane%0*	- 4					
a Forces F. F. CK	1						
sEder 👌 E BAT	tel lat. av at sol so he						
1 -1-NA	worthers & Hoston & Safety & Alarma	A line & transmit					
Controller MTS	Scoper BHTS . SP	Show Al					-
Controller Tags	and the second se	CONTRACTOR OF A DATA OF A DATA		000	The second secon	Decision in the second s	- 11
Controller Fault Handler	and all a local distances of the second se	and particular in case of party		55/0	Data Type	Description	
Dever-Up Handler	- M15_Senard	[see]	[]	P	ABETHERMET_MODULE C.D		- 88
w D Tetks	- MTS_SensorCData	1001	1001	Decinal	SINTHON	B - B - C - C - C	- 88
9 Motion Groups	+ MTS_SensorCOsta(0)			Decinal	SNT	Dale Fornat	
Add-Cm Instructions	+ H15_Serios CData(1)	0		Decinal	SNE	Recokton	
(# 🔤 Data Type)	+ MTS_Server C0.dx(2)			Decenal	SINT	Meanaing Direction	- 11
D Trends	+ MTS_Servox CDate(3)	0		Decinal	SNT	Number of Magnets	- 11
iii 🖮 1/0 Configuration	+ MTS_SensorCData(4)			Decmal	SNI	Velocity Window Size	
😑 🕼 Backplane, CompactLogic System	+ MTS_ServorCData(5)	- 0		Decinal	SINT	Number of Averages	
	+ MT5_SenaxCOste[6]	0		Decimal	SINT	10 C	100
E A 1769-L35E Ethernet Part LocalENB	+ M75_Service E.Date[7]			Decimal	SMI		- 11
A thereet	+ MTS Sensor C Data[8]			Decinal	SINT		
	+ MTS Seren C Date(3)	0		Decinal	SINT		
# ETHERNET-MODULE MTS Sensor	+ MTS Server C Date 10	0		Decinal	SNT		- 11
- III Compatitive Local	+ MTG Samer [[]agit11			formal 4	SNT		
leady	Montor tags & Edit tags /				3.776		

Fig. 70: Device control tags

7.6.2 In the '**Style**' column, change the field data default from hex to decimal.

7.6.3 Locate Data Byte [0] through [5] In the '**Name**' column. In the '**Description**' column, enter the following Data Byte field information. The following factory default configuration data is set to all 'zeros' (This value is sufficient for most applications).

Name	Description	Default Value	Description
Data Byte [0]	Data format	0	4 bytes signed position, 4 bytes signed velocity (repeats for each magnet)
		1	4 bytes signed position (repeats for each magnet)
		2	4 bytes signed velocity (repeats for each magnet)
		3	First 4 bytes status- Then repeating for each magnet, 4 bytes sigend popsition, 4 bytes signed voelocity
Data Byte [1]	Resolution	0	0.001 mm (default value)
		1	0.001 mm
		2	0.002 mm
		5	0.005 mm
		10	0.010 mm
		20	0.020 mm
		50	0.050 mm
		100	0.100 mm
		200	0.200 mm
		500	0.500 mm
Data Byte [2]	Measuring direction	0	Forward (counts increase as you move away from the electronics)
		1	Reverse (counts decrease as you move away from the electronics)
Data Byte [3]	Number of magnets	0	Used for missing magnet detection purposes only. If the 'Value' = 0, the sensor will determine how many magnets are on the sensor at startup. It will use the determined number of magnets to determine missing magnet status. The missing magnet status is reported in the status attribute of the Position Sensor object and through the LEDs in the connector flange.
Data Byte [4]	Velocity window size	0	The number of cycles that is used to calculate the velocity. The larger the number of cycles the more resolute the velocity becomes, but the slower the sensor is to respond to a change in velocity. Values of 1 – 1000 are valid.
Data Byte [5]	Number of averages	0	A simple moving average that can be used to filter the position data in noisy environments. Values of $1 - 100$ are valid.

7.7 Changing Configuration Values

In the 'Value' column, update the configuration field data if needed.

	Help								
-		99	Select a L	ngunge		• 😥			
3	THIP-1\192.168.10.2\Backplane\0*		- 4						
1.	100 00 00 00 00 00 00		- 1						
-	ASE-CH & Safety & Alarma	CIII C	Dietic						
-	and the second			_				1100	100000 U.U.
2	Controller Tags - MTS(controller)							10	
1	Scope: SeMTS	hgm.	Show All						
	Name	6 Value	+	Force I	Kask. +	Style	Data Type	Description	1-1
	- MTS_SensorC		()		()		AB:ETHERNET_MODULE.C:0		
£	+ MTS_Senocr.C.Data	-	()		[ins]	Decimal	SINT[400]		
	- MTS_Sensor1		[]		[]		AB ETHERNET_MODULE_DIN		
	- MTS_Sensor1.Data		(+++ ?)		freed	Decimal	DINT(50)		
	+ MTS_Sensor1.Data[0]		1			Decimal	DINT		12
	+ MTS_Sensor1.Data[1]		100887			Decimal	DINT		
15	+ MTS_Sentor1.Data[2]	1.1	60113			Decimal	DINT		
	+ MTS_Sensor I.D-ate[3]		0			Decimal	DINT		
	+ MTS_Sensor1.Date[4]		0			Decimal	DINT		1
2	+ MTS_Sensor1Data[5]		0			Decimal	DINT		13
	+ MTS_Terror(Candi)		e.			Detimal	DINT		



The following are 'Value' field descriptions, Acceptable values for each field are as follows.

7.7.1 'Value' = Data [0], 'Description' = Data Format:

Options are:

- Value 0 = 4 bytes signed position, 4 bytes signed velocity (repeats for each magnet)
- Value 1 = 4 bytes signed position (repeats for each magnet)
- Value 2 = 4 bytes signed velocity (repeats for each magnet)
- Value 3 = First 4 bytes status. Then repeating for each magnet, 4 bytes signed position, 4 bytes signed velocity. The following format for the 4 status bytes that are used in the Type 3 Data Format.

Upper byte (bits 24-31) = Number of magnets found on the sensor

Lower byte (bits 0-7) = Status

Bit 0 = Magnet missing (0 = magnet not missing, 1 = magnet missing)

Bit 1 = CPU Watchdog (0 = not triggered, 1 = triggered)

Bits 2-7 = Not used

Middle 2 bytes (bits 8-23) = Unused

7.7.2 'Value' = Data [1], 'Description'= Resolution

(NOTE: Default 'Value' = 0 (0.001 mm), also equals 'Value' = 1 (0.001 mm)

The resolution is in micrometers (0.001mm)

The acceptable values are 1, 2, 5, 10, 20, 50, 100, 200 and 500

7.7.3 'Value' = Data [2], 'Description' = Measuring Direction

0 = Forward (Counts increase as you move away from the electronics)

- 1 = Reverse (Counts decrease as you move away from the electronics)
- 7.7.4 'Value' = Data [3], 'Description' = Number of Magnets:

Used for missing magnet detection purposes only. If the 'Value' = 0, the sensor will determine how many magnets are on the sensor at startup. It will use the determined number of magnets to determine missing magnet status. The missing magnet status is reported in the status attribute of the Position Sensor object and through the LEDs in the connector flange.

7.7.5 'Value' = Data [4], 'Description' = Velocity Window Size:

The number of cycles that is used to calculate the velocity. The larger the number of cycles the more resolute the velocity becomes, but the slower the sensor is to respond to a change in velocity. Values of 1 - 1000 are valid.

7.7.6 'Value' = Data [5], 'Description' = Number of Averages:

A simple moving average that can be used to filter the position data in noisy environments. Values of 1 – 100 are valid.

7.8 Controller tags input data

The following illustrates an *example* of 'Controller Tags' information based on the factory default configuration:

Ala in the puter of	atellis		L sal			
		3096926	- 😥			
THIP-1\192.168.10.2\Backplane\0*	▼ ³ / ₄₆					
and a second second						
al -1F 44 (7 40 40)	>					
Add-On & Safety & Alerma &	Bit X Timeo/C					
						-
Controller Tags - MTS(controller)					1100	
icope: 👘 MTS 👻 Shg	w. Show All					
and the second s	Value +	Force Mask	Style	Data Type	Description	11
- MTS_SensorC	11 17 17 17 17 17 17 17		SQ46	AB:ETHERNET_MODULE:C:0	Description	
+ MTS_Sensor:C.Data	()	()	Decimal	SINT[400]		
- MTS_SensorI	()		Cocinia	AB ETHERNET MODULE DIN	-	
- MTS_SensorI.D.ala	1]	(•••)	Decimal	DINT(50)		-
+ MTS_Sensor1Data[0]	1	1)	Decimal	DINT		
+ MTS_Sensor I.Data[1]	• 100887	7	Decimal	DINT		
+ MTS_Sensor1.Data[2]	60113		Decimal	DINT		
+ MTS_Sensor1.Data[3]	00113	-	Decimal	DINT		
+ MTS_Sensor1.Data[4]	0		Decimal	DINT		
+ MTS_Sensor1.Data[5]	0		Decimal	DINT		
	0		Decimal	DINT		
			Decimal	DINT		-
+ MTS_Sensor1.Data[6]			D. BCRUGI	Louis 1		
	0		Decimal	DINT		

Fig. 72: 'Controller Tags' information *Examples* based on the factory default configuration are as follows:

7.8.1 Run/Idle Header

Data[0] is always the Run/Idle header. This is not required by the EtherNet/IP standard, but it is highly recommended. It can be used by the end user to determine if the system is in Run or Idle mode.

7.8.2 Magnet Data

The remaining data is laid out according to the data format selected in the configuration. The screen shot above shows the position data for magnet 1 in Data[1], and the velocity for magnet 1 in Data[2].

Magnet data - Position

The position data for magnet one in this example is 100887. This number multiplied by the resolution (*default* = 0.001 mm) gives you your position.

Position = (100887)*(0.001 mm) = 100.887 mm

Magnet data - Velocity

The velocity data for magnet one in this example is 60113. The velocity resolution is always 0.001 mm. Velocity = $(60113)^*(0.001 \text{ mm}) = 60.113 \text{ mm}$

7.8.3 Configuration complete

The MTS EtherNet/IP[™] sensor is now added to the network and connected, ready to use.

8. Maintenance and troubleshooting

8.1 Error conditions, troubleshooting

See Chapter 5 (Operation) on page 24.

8.2 Maintenance

The sensor is maintenance-free.

8.3 Repair

Repairs on the sensor may be performed only by MTS Sensors or a repair facility explicitly authorized by MTS Sensors.

8.4 List of spare parts

No spare parts are available for this sensor.

8.5 Transport and storage

The conditions of tranport and storage of the sensor match the operating conditions mentioned in this document.

9. Technical data

EtherNet/IP™
Max. 100 Mbit/s
Position, velocity / Option: Multi-position and multi-velocity measurement (max. 20 positions/velocities simultaneous)
Position, velocity / option. Multi-position and multi-velocity measurement (max. 20 positions/velocities simultaneous)
1 1000 um colociable
11000 μm selectable 1.0 ms up to 2000 mm, 2.0 ms up to 4800 mm, 3.0 ms up to 7620 mm, 4.0 ms up to 10060 mm stroke length
$< \pm 0.01\%$ full stroke (minimum $\pm 50 \ \mu$ m)
< ±0.001% full stroke (minimum ±2.5 µm)
< 4 µm
< 15 ppm/°C
-30+85 °C (-22+185 °F)
90 % rel. humidity, no condensation
RP: IP65 / RH: IP67 / RF: IP30 (IP67 when installed in pressure pipe) / RD4 electronics: IP67; RD4 sensor rod type S: IP30, all other RD4 rod types: IP65
100 g (single shock), IEC standard 68-2-27
15 g / 102000 Hz, IEC standard 68-2-6 (resonance frequencies excluded)
Electromagnetic emission: EN 61000-6-4, CI SPR 16 Electromagnetic immunity: EN 61000-6-2, EN 61000-4-2/3/4/6, CE qualified ⁹
Any
Aluminum
Aluminum
255080 mm (1200 in.)
Stainless steel 1.4301 / AISI 304
257620 mm (1300 in.)
Stainless steel 1.4306 / AISI 304L
255080 mm (1200 in.)
Stainless steel conduit with Teflon [®] coating
10010060 mm (4396 in.)
Any
2 × 4-pin (M12), 1 × 4-pin (M8) connector
24 VDC (-15 / +20 %); UL Recognition requires an approved power supply with energy limitation (UL 61010-1), or Class 2 rating according to the National Electrical Code (USA) / Canadian Electrical Code. ¹¹
< 0.28 Vpp
110 mA typical for RH and RP models (Note: Due to variations in cable length and topology as well as inrush current draw on power up, MTS recommends that 1 amp per sensor be available on the power supply used.)
SOU VDG (DG GIOGING TO MACHINE GIOGNA)
500 VDC (DC ground to machine ground) Up to –30 VDC

8/ with magnet # 252 182.

9/ The IP rating is not part of the UL recognition.

10/ The conformity is fulfilled, assumed the wave guide of the sensor is embedded in an EMC-sealed and grounded housing.

11/ UL Recognition for RP and RH only.

10. Annex

Safety Declaration

Sensors Division

3001 Sheldon Drive

Cary, N.C. 27513, USA

Tel. +1-919-677-0100

Fax +1-919-677-0200

info.us@mtssensors.com

Dear Customer,

If you return one or several sensors for verification or repair, we need you to sign a safety declaration. The purpose of this declaration is to ensure that the returned items do not contain residues of harmful substances and / or that any danger to persons when handling these items has been removed.

MTS order number:		Sensor type(s):	
Serial number(s):		Sensor length:	
The sensor has been in contact with	ı the following materials:		
Don't specify chemical formulas. Please, include safety data sheets of	the substances, if applicable.	In the event of suspected penetration of substa consult MTS to determine measures to be take	
Short description of malfunction:		if necessary.	
Corporate information		Contact partner	
Company:		Name:	
Address:		Phone:	
		E-Mail:	
We hereby certify that the measuring Personnel exposure to health risks d		neutralized. Equipment handling is safe. n removed.	
Stamp	Signature	Date	
USA MTS Systems Corpora	GERMANY tion MTS Sensor Te	JAPAN echnologie MTS Sensors Techno	logy Corp.

| 36 |

GmbH & Co. KG

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11. Appendix A - Sensor Reset

10.1 Step 1: Ground pins 2 and 4

In the event that the IP address has been configured on a sensor, but that IP address has been lost or forgotten. It will be necessary to reset the EtherNet/IP sensor back to DHCP mode so that a new IP address can be assigned. This is accomplished by using the 4 pins located on the M8 input voltage connector.

	ZU ZU ZU ZU	Input voltage
M8 connector	Pin	Function
	1	+24 VDC (-15 / +20 %)
(0 0)	2	Used for DHCP reset only ⁷
[0 0]	3	DC Ground (0 V)
	4	Used for DHCP reset only ⁷

Fig. 73: M8 input voltage connector

To begin the reset to DHCP, connect pin 1 to +24 VDC and connect pins 2, 3 and 4 to ground.

M8 connector	Pin	Function
	1	+24 VDC (-15 / +20 %)
(0 0)	2	DC Ground (0 V)
(0 0)	3	DC Ground (0 V)
	4	DC Ground (0 V)

Fig. 74: Wiring for sensor reset step one.

10.2 Step 2: Float Pins 2 and 4

After approximately 5 seconds, the In and Out Port Traffic LED's will both light up red. cause material damage are highlighted by the preceding pictogram, which is defined below.

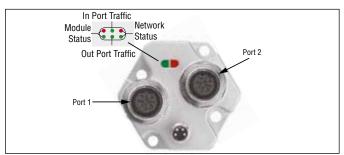


Fig. 75: Location of the status LED

After the LED's turn red, remove pins 2 and 4 from ground and let them float again. The In and Out Port LED's will turn off.

M8 connector	Pin	Function
	1	+24 VDC (-15 / +20 %)
(0 0)	2	Floating
(0 0)	3	DC Ground (0 V)
	4	Floating

Fig. 76: Wiring for sensor reset step two.

10.3 Step 3: Ground Pins 2 and 4

After approximately 5 seconds of allowing pins 2 and 4 to float, the In and Out Port LED's will again turn red. After the In and Out Port LED's are red, reconnect pins 2 and 4 to ground. The Module Status LED will change from green to red and then begin to flash green. The sensor no longer has a fixed IP address and is back in DHCP mode.

M8 connector	Pin	Function
	1	+24 VDC (-15 / +20 %)
(0 0)	2	DC Ground (0 V)
	3	DC Ground (0 V)
	4	DC Ground (0 V)

Fig. 77: Wiring for sensor reset step three.

10.4 Reset Complete - Return Pins 2 and 4 to Floating

Power off the sensor and allow pins 2 and 4 to float for normal sensor operation.

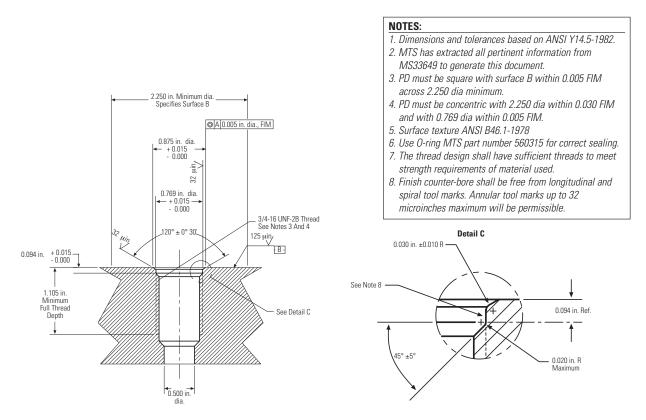
M8 connector	Pin	Function
	1	+24 VDC (-15 / +20 %)
	2	Floating
	3	DC Ground (0 V)
	4	Floating

Fig. 78: Wiring for sensor under normal operation.

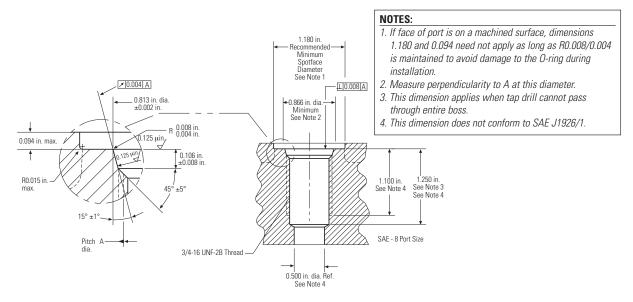
12. Appendix B - Port Details

CYLINDER PORT DETAILS

PORT DETAIL (PD) FOR TEMPOSONICS RH SENSORS WITH HOUSING STYLE S:



PORT DETAIL (SAE J1926/1) FOR TEMPOSONICS RH SENSORS WITH HOUSING STYLE T:





UNITED STATES MTS Systems Corporation Sensors Division	Cary, N.C. 27513
GERMANY	
MTS Sensor Technologie GmbH & Co KG	
	E-mail: info.de@mtssensors.com
ITALY	Phone: +39 030 988 3819
Branch Office	E-mail: info.it@mtssensors.com
EDANCE	Phone: +33 1 58 4390-28
Branch Office	
	E-mail. mill.in@mtssensors.com
GREAT BRITAIN	Phone: +44 79 44 15 03 00
Branch Office	E-mail: info.uk@mtssensors.com
СНІМА	Phone: +86 21 6485 5800
	E-mail: info.cn@mtssensors.com
Branon Onice	
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